



COVID-19 Vaccination Frequently Asked Questions

Keep informed about the COVID-19 Vaccination Clinic Program.

Please note: due to the fluidity of the situation, we are continuously updating these FAQs. Please visit www.omnicare.com/covid-19-vaccine-resource routinely, to access and download the latest version of this FAQ document.

CVS Health® is actively monitoring the global COVID-19 pandemic, including guidance from trusted sources of clinical information such as the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Below is information about policies and procedures that CVS Health has implemented that focus on the health and safety of our colleagues, customers, members, and patients. For more information about the virus, please visit the [CDC](https://www.cdc.gov) and/or [WHO](https://www.who.int) websites dedicated to this issue.



CVS Health® is an enterprise comprised of many business units that are coming together to support this vaccination effort. It is possible that you may receive outreach from Omnicare®, our long-term care pharmacy team, as well as our retail CVS Pharmacy® and MinuteClinic® teams. Know that we are connected and are all part of the CVS Health enterprise. Our shared mission is to help you and your patients on the path to better health.

What is COVID-19?

COVID-19 is an infectious disease caused by a novel respiratory coronavirus. COVID-19 poses a serious public health risk and is highly contagious. For more information about the virus, please visit the [CDC](#) and/or [WHO websites](#) dedicated to this issue. Visit the [CDC Traveler's Health website](#) for travel notices and precautions.

How does COVID-19 spread?

Human coronaviruses are usually spread from an infected person to others through the air by coughing and sneezing and through close personal contact, such as touching or shaking hands. It may be possible that a person can get COVID-19 by touching a surface or object that has the virus on it and then touching their own mouth, nose or possibly their eyes, but this is not thought to be the main way the virus spreads.

For more information about the transmission of COVID-19, please see the CDC website.

How would a COVID-19 vaccine work?

As with any vaccine, the goal of a COVID-19 vaccine is to expose the body to an antigen that won't cause disease but will provoke an immune response that can block or kill the virus if a person becomes infected. Vaccines contain either the whole virus or a component. After receiving a vaccine, a person develops immunity to that disease without having to get the disease. The immunity varies based on the type of vaccine you receive. Some vaccines last a year (like the flu vaccine) and others last longer (like the polio vaccine). Current science suggests that the COVID-19 vaccine will be more like the flu vaccine requiring annual dosing, but research will be required to fully answer this question.

What are the different technologies being used to develop a COVID-19 vaccine?

Manufacturers are taking different approaches toward developing a COVID-19 vaccine including using portions of the virus, genetic material or other vectors.

Traditional technology

A traditional vaccine technology is to use protein sub-units that can be injected into cells to stimulate a response. Such vaccines usually need adjuvants—or immune-stimulating molecules—delivered in conjunction with the vaccine and may also require multiple doses. Some of the candidates in development using this technique are from Novavax and Sanofi/GSK.

Novel technologies

Viral vector vaccines use another virus that has been engineered to express the S protein to generate an immune response. Some of the candidates in development using this category are from AstraZeneca/Oxford, Johnson & Johnson, Merck and Vaxart.

Nucleic acid vaccines deliver genetic material into the cell which is then translated into a protein – usually the S protein. However, this method – and the way the genetic material (RNA or DNA) is delivered into the cell – requires that these vaccines be stored and transported at ultracold temperatures of -20 to -70 degrees Celsius. Some candidates in development in this category are from BioNTech/Pfizer, Inovio and Moderna.

What is the FDA's Emergency Use Authorization and how does the process work?

In order to help make a vaccine available as soon as possible, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) would need to authorize its distribution under an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA). The agency has issued guidance for the criteria that will be used to evaluate any EUA application. The FDA evaluates the following criteria when determining whether to issue an EUA:

- **Safety:** Whether the chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear (CBRN) agent can cause a serious or life-threatening disease or condition. The known and potential benefits of the product, when used to diagnose, prevent or treat the identified serious or life-threatening disease or condition, outweigh the known and potential risks of the product.
- **Efficacy:** If the product is determined to be effective in preventing SARS-CoV-2.
- There is no adequate, approved and available alternative to the product for diagnosing, preventing or treating the disease or condition.

Under the EUA, any investigational vaccines developed to prevent COVID-19 will be assessed on a case-by-case basis considering the target population, the characteristics of the product, the preclinical and human clinical study data on the product and the totality of the available scientific evidence relevant to the product. The final guidance specific to EUA for vaccines to prevent COVID-19 can be found [here](#).

What are some of the clinical considerations or uncertainties concerning a potential vaccine?

Given each vaccine will have different clinical profiles, there are a number of important criteria to evaluate as part of overall planning efforts. Understanding these criteria will help the clinical community plan for safe and effective administration of the vaccine. Some of these considerations include:

- Efficacy, safety, age of vaccine recipient, duration of immunity and route of administration (e.g., intramuscular, intradermal injection, oral, other)
- Dosing frequency and tracking (e.g., single dose vs. multiple doses, time between doses)
- Shipping/storage requirements (e.g., room temperature, refrigerated, frozen, deep-frozen)
- Compounding requirements (e.g., reconstitution, ready-to-use)

Most COVID-19 vaccines under development are likely to require a second booster shot a month or so after the initial dose. Providers will need to ensure that individuals who got the first shot receive a second shot of the right vaccine at the right time. Educating the population about the importance of receiving the booster shot will be critical.

Is it safe to receive the vaccine?

CVS Health's COVID-19 vaccination services will be conducted in compliance with CDC's Guidance for Immunization Services During the COVID-19 Pandemic for safe delivery of vaccines. CVS Health will only be administering vaccines that have been approved for emergency use by the FDA.

How is CVS Health working with the CDC to make the COVID-19 vaccine available?

As announced by the HHS and Department of Defense, CVS Health has entered into a contract with the CDC to be one of the official COVID-19 Vaccination Program Providers in the Pharmacy Partnership for Long-Term Care Program. As a result, once a COVID-19 vaccine is approved and available, the U.S. government will make a supply of the publicly funded vaccine available to CVS Health to provide on-site vaccination clinic services to residents and staff of long-term care facilities.

Who is eligible to receive the COVID-19 vaccination under this contract?

Under this contract, CVS Health will receive a supply of the publicly funded COVID-19 vaccine and necessary supplies for administration once the vaccine is authorized and available. This supply of vaccine will be used to provide vaccinations to patients and staff of long-term care facilities.

When will CVS Pharmacy begin offering the COVID-19 vaccine?

Once a COVID-19 vaccine (or vaccines) is available, CVS Health will work rapidly to make vaccinations available to staff and residents of long-term care facilities, consistent with governmental priorities.

How will CVS Health identify/select the long-term care facilities that it will support through this vaccination program?

CVS Health will not select facilities. Rather, facilities will select their preferred pharmacy partner through the CDC's survey process. CDC will then provide a list of facilities to CVS Health where onsite clinics will be scheduled and conducted.

Will patients be charged for the vaccine?

No. Section 3203 of the CARES Act generally requires issuers offering non-grandfathered group or individual health insurance coverage to cover any qualifying coronavirus preventive service, including a COVID-19 vaccine, without imposing any cost sharing requirements, such as a copay, coinsurance or deductible.

No patient will be charged for the vaccine or its administration. The federal government will provide the vaccine itself, and CVS Health will be reimbursed by the patient's insurance or, in the case of uninsured patients, the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) program for uninsured patients, for the administration of the vaccine. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has established the reimbursement rates for administration of the vaccine for patients covered by Medicare as well as those covered by the program for the uninsured.

How many doses of vaccine will be made available to CVS Health?

The volume to be made available to CVS Health will be determined by the federal government's allocation methodology.

Which vaccines will be offered? Will there be more than one type?

The type of vaccine made available to CVS Health will be determined by the federal government's allocation methodology.

In how many states will CVS Pharmacy be able to offer these clinics?

CVS Health is prepared to provide vaccination clinics for long term care facilities in all 50 states.

Where will the vaccinations take place? Will they take place at CVS Pharmacy locations or on-site at the selected long-term care facilities?

For this specific program, CVS Health will coordinate and schedule a series of vaccination clinics on-site at the identified long-term care facilities.

Will you be vaccinating both residents and staff members at these long-term care facilities?

Yes, through this program we will be vaccinating both residents and staff members at identified long-term care facilities.

Is CVS Health ready to provide appropriate temperature-controlled storage of the vaccine, even if the approved vaccine requires extreme cold storage and cold-chain standards?

Yes. CVS Health will be able to appropriately store vaccines at the manufacturer's required temperature range.

Who administers the vaccines at on-site clinics?

Appropriate trained personnel under applicable state and federal laws and guidance will administer vaccines to facility patients and employees at the on-site clinics. CVS Health immunizers are trained and certified according to company and state specific regulations. These immunizers may include pharmacists, pharmacy interns, and trained pharmacy technicians, as well as other qualified healthcare professionals. All CVS Health immunizers are trained in the administration of immunizations and hold an active CPR certification.

Will CVS Health be able to use the COVID-19 vaccine provide through this program for other populations outside of long-term care facility settings?

Under the Pharmacy Partnership for Long-Term Care Program, the federal government will supply vaccine for use only to vaccinate residents and staff of long-term care facilities. Under the separate agreement CVS Health has entered into with HHS, CVS Pharmacies will receive vaccine supply to administer vaccines in our retail locations in accordance with the government's prioritization guidelines.

How do I schedule an on-site COVID-19 vaccine clinic?

To accommodate all interested facilities and to streamline operations for a positive experience, COVID-19 vaccine clinics will be automatically scheduled for pre-selected clinic dates and times, based on location, staffing and vaccine availability into specific geographies.

Three clinics will be scheduled for each facility, to accommodate both vaccine doses and potential new admissions and/or new hires.

Please note that facilities will not have the ability to request a reschedule, nor adjust their pre-selected clinic dates and times.

If my facility did not complete the CDC survey for enrollment in this program, am I able to still register and sign up for a clinic?

No. If a response was not provided on the CDC survey during the allotted window to enroll in this program, you will need to work directly with you state and/or local jurisdictions to determine a plan for receiving COVID-19 vaccine.

What will the CVS pharmacy team bring to the clinic?

The pharmacist will bring all requested vaccine product and other supplies necessary (including all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment, PPE) for administration, according to vaccination protocol.

PPE & Cleaning Procedures

CVS Health will follow CDC guidance to ensure vaccines are administered as safely as possible. We will abide by any state specific requirements regarding COVID-19 protocols, as well as CMS guidance.

How are we ensuring discharged residents get booster administration?

Close coordination between CVS Health and the Long-Term Care facility will be utilized to provide access to the next clinic dates for the discharged residents to complete their vaccination.

What if a new admission comes in between the clinic dates?

New admissions between clinics dates should be incorporated into the next available on-site clinic to begin the vaccination process if they choose to.

What if a new admission comes from another setting that has received an alternative vaccine?

CVS Health is not responsible for completing the booster dose for vaccinations of an alternative vaccine to what CVS Health was provided by the federal government and that patient should seek resolution with their care providers.

If we get new admissions the day of the clinic can we add them to the clinic?

In most instances the new admission will be able to receive the vaccine at that day's clinic as long as all paperwork is appropriately complete and vaccine is available. In some cases the patient will need to wait until the next on-site clinic to begin the vaccination process.

Will there be consent forms available?

Yes. Each individual planning to participate in the clinic and receive a COVID-19 vaccination (patient and facility staff) will need to complete a vaccine administration consent form. A packet of consent forms will be mail directly to your facility in advance of the clinic.

What if a patient refuses consent?

It is each patient's and/or responsible party's right to refuse the COVID 19 vaccination.

Do participants need to provide their insurance cards?

Yes, FRONT and BACK photocopies of each participant's current insurance cards will need to be obtained and attached to their consent form, to allow our teams access to unique claim billing details and avoid interruptions to your staff at point of care.

Can patients receive other vaccines at the time of COVID-19 vaccine administration?

Other vaccinations will not be offered at the time of COVID-19 vaccine administration and no patient should receive the COVID vaccine having received other vaccinations within 14 days

Are the immunizers going to be vaccinated?

CVS Health immunizer teams will be offered the opportunity to be vaccinated when available but are not required to be part of the vaccination effort

How will CVS communicate with my facility?

CVS plans on utilizing multiple communication channels but it will be important that they have the appropriate contact information, both email and phone, for the people responsible for the facilities clinics.

How will the disposal of waste be handled at on-site clinics?

CVS colleagues will bag waste from the clinics (trash bag provided by CVS) and dispose of the bagged waste in the facility's dumpster. Waste is defined as gloves, mask, gown, band-aids, used alcohol wipes, cotton balls., etc.

Please note that items such as empty vaccine vials, immunization supplies (needles, syringe), etc. would still be put into a Sharps container and transported back to CVS Pharmacy for disposal.

How do I contact CVS if I have questions?

Please reference www.omnicare.com/covid-19-vaccine-resource with questions or reach out to CovidVaccineClinicsLTCF@CVSHealth.com. You will also be receiving numerous communications and other material throughout the process that should help answer most questions.